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DESCRIPTION

ternal Schottky

1μA.

1.0A Output, 2.5MHz Synchronous

**Buck-Boost DC/DC Converter** 

The AIC2341 is a 1.0A output, low-noise,

pulse-width-modulated (PWM) buck-boost DC-

DC converter that operates from input voltage

The device features two internal synchronous

rectifiers for high efficiency; it requires no ex-

frequency 2.5MHz operation provides easy

post-filtering and allows the use of small induc-

tors and capacitors. At low load currents the

converter enters the Power Saving Mode to

maintain a high efficiency over a wide load

range. The Power Saving Mode could be dis-

abled, forcing AIC2341 to operate at PWM

mode. The AIC2341 is ideally suited for single

Li-Ion battery applications. It is also useful for

three-cell alkaline, NiMH, or NiCd applications.

Shutdown mode places the device in standby,

reducing quiescent supply current to under

Other features of the AIC2341 include internal

soft-start, internal compensation, short circuit

protection, current limit, and over temperature

protection. The device is packaged in a 10-pin

DFN package measuring 3 mm x 3 mm.

diode. Internally fixed-

above, below, or equal to the output voltage.

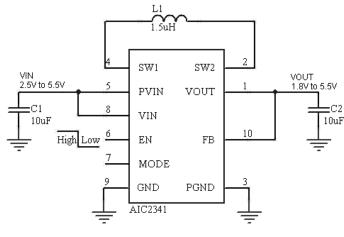
## **FEATURES**

- Regulated Output with Input Voltage Above, Below, or Equal to the Output.
- 1A Output Current at 3.3V in Step Down Mode (V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V to 5.5V).
- Up to 800mA Output Current at 3.3V in Boost Mode (V<sub>IN</sub> > 2.8V).
- Single Inductor.
- 2.5V to 5.5V Input Voltage Range.
- Fixed and Adjustable Output Voltage Options from 1.8V to 5.5V.
- Up to 95% Efficiency.
- Stable with Low ESR Ceramic Capacitors.
- No Schottky Diode Required.
- Output Disconnect in Shutdown.
- <1µA Shutdown Current.
- <65μA Quiescent Current.
- Power Saving Mode for Improved Light Efficiency Operation.
- Forced Fixed Frequency Operation Mode.
- Load Disconnect During Shutdown.
- Undervoltage Lockout Protection.

## **APPLICATIONS**

- All Three-Cell Alkaline, NiCd or NiMH or Single-Cell Li Battery
- MP3 Players
- Handheld Instruments
- Digital Cameras
- Smart Phones
- Portable GPS Units
- Miniature Hard Disk Drive Power

## **TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT**



#### Fig.1 Application Circuit

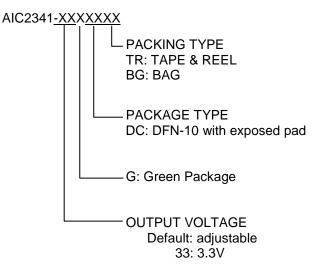
 Si-Soft Research Center

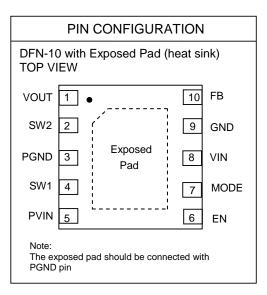
 1A1, 1 Li-Hsin 1<sup>st</sup> Rd., Science Park , Hsinchu 300, Taiwan , R.O.C.

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 FAX: 886-3-5772510

### ORDERING INFORMATION





Example: AIC2341-33GDCTR

→ 3.3V Output Version, in Green DFN-10 With Exposed Pad Package and Tape & Reel Packing Type

AIC2341GDCTR

→ Adjustable Version, in Green DFN-10 With Exposed Pad Package and Tape & Reel Packing Type

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Input Voltage Range on PVIN, VIN, SW1, SW2, VOUT, MODE, EN, FB				
PGND to GND		-0.3V to 0.3V		
Operating Ambient Temperature Range T <sub>A</sub>		40ºC~85ºC		
Operating Maximum Junction Temperature T <sub>J</sub>				
Storage Temperature Range T <sub>STG</sub>		65⁰C~150⁰C		
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 Sec.)		260°C		
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	DFN-10L 3x3 (with heat-sink)*	20°C/W		
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	DFN-10L 3x3 (with heat-sink)*	50°C/W		
(Assume no Ambient Airflow)				

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired. \*The package is place on a two layers PCB with 2 ounces copper and 2 square inch, connected by 8 vias.

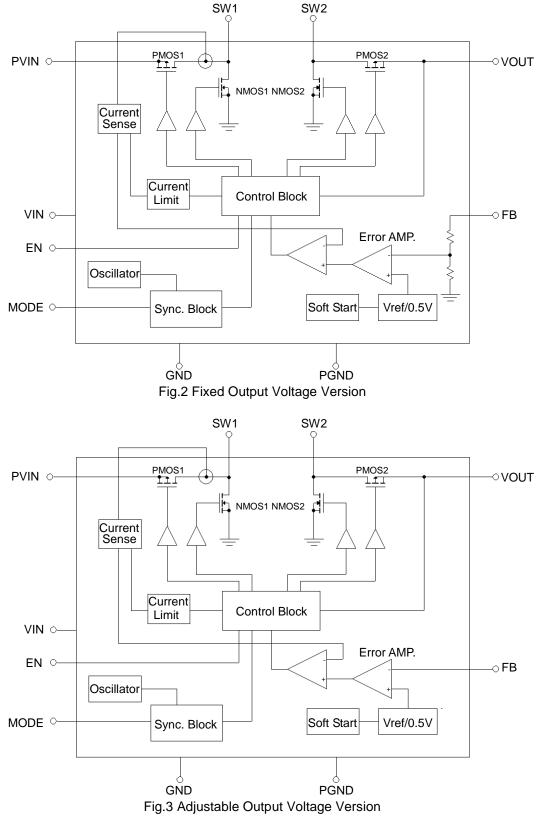
## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### ( $V_{IN}$ = 3.6V, Vout = 3.3V, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at $T_A$ = 25°C) (Note1)

		vise specified. Typical values are		· · · ·	· · · ·	1
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	VIN		2.5		5.5	V
Output Adjustment Range	Vout		1.8		5.5	V
Feedback Voltage	V <sub>FB</sub>		0.495	0.5	0.505	V
Feedback Input Impedance	Z <sub>FB</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V		1.0		MΩ
High Side Switch On Resistance	R <sub>DSH_ON</sub>			200		mΩ
Low Side Switch On Resistance	R <sub>DSL_ON</sub>			200		mΩ
Switch Current-Limit Threshold	lsw			1.8		А
Quiescent Current	ا <sub>م</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA			65	μA
Shutdown Supply Current	I <sub>SHDN</sub>	VEN = 0V			1	μA
Oscillator Frequency	fosc		2.2	2.5	2.8	MHz
Line Regulation		$V_{IN}$ =2.5 to 3.6V, $I_{OUT}$ =0 to 500mA,		0.5		%
Load Regulation		PWM mode		0.5		%
Under Voltage Lockout	V <sub>UVLO R</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> Rising	2.1		2.4	V
Threshold	V <sub>UVLO F</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> Falling	2.0		2.3	V
EN Low-Level Input Voltage	$V_{EN_L}$				0.4	V
EN High-Leve Input Voltage	V <sub>EN_H</sub>		1.2			V
Over Temperature Protection				150		°C
Over Temperature Protection Hysteresis				30		°C

Note 1: Specifications are production tested at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with Statistical Quality Controls (SQC).

## BLOCK DIAGRAMS



## **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

- PIN 1: VOUT Buck-boost converter output.
- PIN 2: SW2 Connection for inductor.
- PIN 3: PGND Power gound.
- PIN 4: SW1 Connection for inductor.
- PIN 5: PVIN Supply voltage for power stage.
- PIN 6: EN Enable input (1 enabled, 0 disabled).

**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS** 

- PIN 7: MODE Enable/Disable power save mode (1 disabled, 0 enabled, clock signal for synchronization).
- PIN 8: VIN Supply voltage for control stage.
- PIN 9: GND Control / logic ground.
- PIN 10: FB Voltage feedback of adjustable version, must be connected to VOUT at fixed output voltage version.

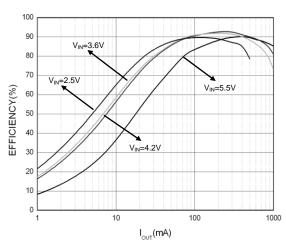


Fig.4 Efficiency vs. Output Current V<sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V (PWM Mode)

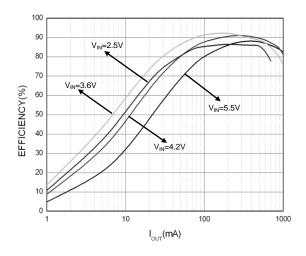


Fig.6 Efficiency vs. Output Current  $V_{OUT}$  =2.8V (PWM Mode)

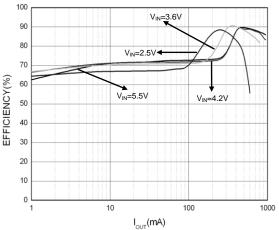


Fig.5 Efficiency vs. Output Current V<sub>OUT</sub>=3.3V (PSM Mode)

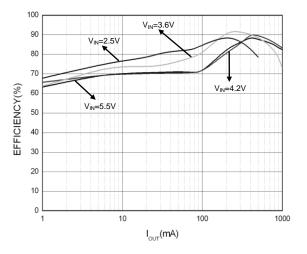
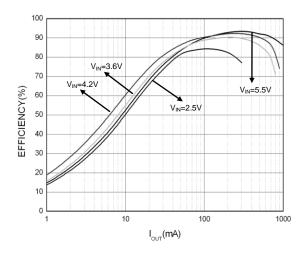


Fig.7 Efficiency vs. Output Current V<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.8V (PSM Mode)

## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)**



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Fig.8 Efficiency vs. Output Current V<sub>OUT</sub>=5V (PWM Mode)

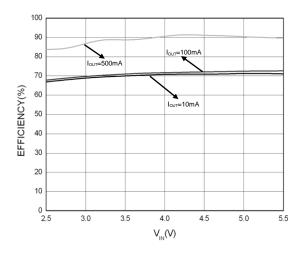


Fig.10 Efficiency vs. Input Voltage V<sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V (PSM Mode)

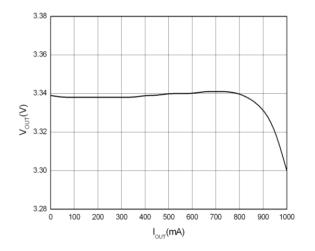


Fig.12 Load Regulation V<sub>IN</sub> =3.6V V<sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V (PWM Mode)

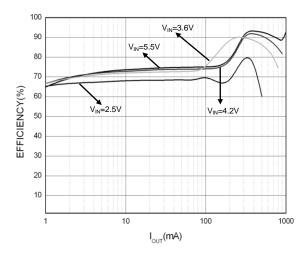


Fig.9 Efficiency vs. Output Current  $V_{OUT}$  =5V (PSM Mode)

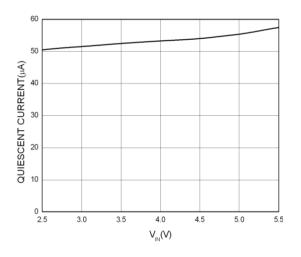


Fig.11 Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage Vout =3.3V

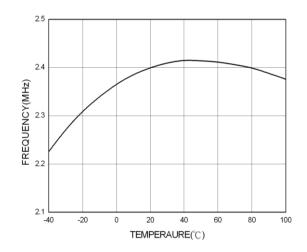
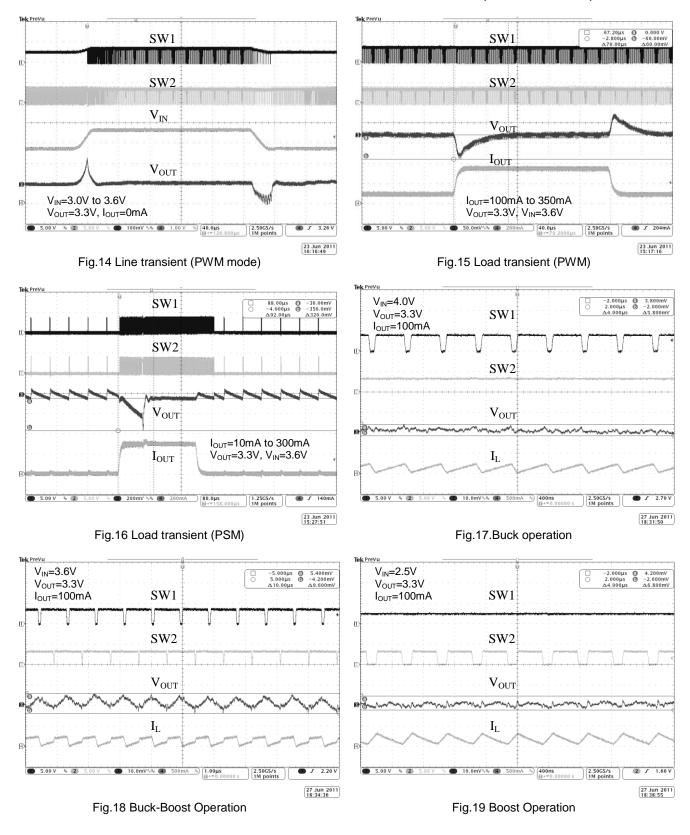


Fig.13 Frequency vs. Temperature (V<sub>IN</sub>=3.6V)

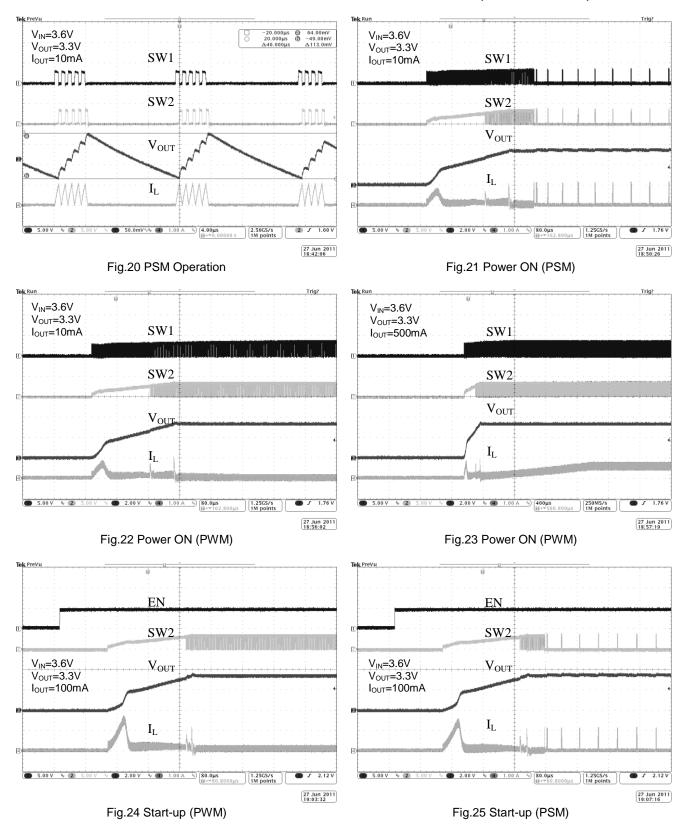
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

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## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS** (Continued)

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## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### Operation

The buck-boost DC-DC converter operates in a synchronous current mode with a low-noise effect, which obtains the good regulation of output voltage from different input voltages. When the input voltage is higher than the output voltage, the synchronous switches PMOS1 and NMOS1 construct the step-down mode (Buck) while the PMOS2 is always turned on and the NMOS2 is always turned off. When the input voltage is lower than the output voltage, the synchronous switches PMOS2 and NMOS2 construct the step-up mode (Boost) while the PMOS1 is always turned off. When the input voltage approaches the output voltage, the device can automatically operate at Buck-Boost mode.

#### Enable

The device can be enabled when the voltage at EN pin is higher than 1.2V. It can go into the shutdown mode when the voltage at EN pin is lower than 0.4V. In shutdown mode, the PMOS1 and PMOS2 are swithed off and the NMOS1 and NMOS2 are turned on.

#### Power Saving Mode and Synchronization

The AIC2341 can work at three different operation modes: the power saving mode, the forced fixed frequency mode and the external synchronization mode. When the voltage at MODE pin is low level, the AIC2341 can enter the power saving mode (PSM) at light load condition. The PSM can improve the efficiency at light load condition. When the voltage at MODE pin is high level, the AIC2341 can work at forced fixed frequency mode for all load conditions. Besides, by applying a 2.2MHz to 2.8MHz clock signal to the MODE pin, the AIC2341 internal oscillator frequency can be synchronized to the external clock.

#### Soft Start

The AIC2341 provides the soft start function to avoid the overshoot of output voltage. During startup period, an internal voltage ramp will clamp the rising slop of output voltage. In order to avoid the inrush current during the start-up process, the output capacitance value should be considered.

#### **Current Limit**

The AIC2341 provides current limit function to limit the output power to protect the internal power switches. When the peak inductor current reaches 1.8A, the PMOS1 and the PMOS2 would be turned off.

#### **Inductor Selection**

The component value of inductor and inductor current ripple are dependent. The calculation of inductance value uses the maximum input voltage in Buck mode and the minimum input voltage in Boost mode. The recommended minimum inductance value is greater than both of L(Buck) and L(Boost).

$$L(Buck) \ge D \cdot \frac{(V_{IN\_MAX} - V_{OUT})}{f_{SW} \cdot \Delta I_L}, D = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN\_MAX}}$$
$$L(Boost) \ge D \cdot \frac{V_{IN\_MIN}}{f_{SW} \cdot \Delta I_L}, D = \frac{V_{OUT} - V_{IN\_MIN}}{V_{OUT}}$$

where the swithing frequency  $f_{SW}$  is 2.5MHz (Typically). The  $\Delta I_L$  is inductor current ripple and the *D* is duty cycle.

The efficiency of ferrite core is well. The saturation current of the inductor core must be higher than both of *Ipeak(Buck)* and *Ipeak(Boost)*. If the output current is fixed, the maximum peak current of inductor will appear while the AIC2341 works at the boost mode.

$$Ipeak(Buck) = 1.25 \cdot I_{OUT} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$
$$Ipeak(Boost) = 1.25 \cdot I_{OUT} \cdot \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$

#### **Capacitor Selection**

The input capacitor shoule be put as close as possible to input terminal to avoid noise. The recommend input capacitor is the  $10\mu$ F X5R/X7R



ceramic capacitor. For output capacitor, it's recommended to use low ESR ceramic capacitors. The output ripple voltage is given by

$$\Delta V_{OUT}(Buck) = D \cdot \frac{V_{IN}MAX}{8 \cdot L \cdot C_{OUT}} \cdot f_{SW}^{2}, D = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}MAX}$$
$$\Delta V_{OUT}(Boost) = D \cdot \frac{I_{OUT}}{C_{OUT}}, D = \frac{V_{OUT} - V_{IN}MIN}{V_{OUT}}$$

#### **Output Voltage Programming**

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The AIC2341 has two versions: one is fixed output voltage version, and another is adjustable version. The external resisters R1 and R2 are connected between output, FB and GND for the adjustable output voltage version. The reference voltage of the

feedback loop is 500mV. The recommended value of the feedback resistor R2 is  $10k\Omega$ . R1 is given by

$$R1 = R2 \cdot \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{FB}} - 1\right)$$

#### Layout Considerations

Placing the input capacitor, output capacitor and inductor as close to the AIC2341 as possible and using short traces. The feedback resistor should be placed as close to the IC as possible. In order to get better performance, the wide and short trace should be used for large current loop.

### **APPLICATION EXAMPLES**

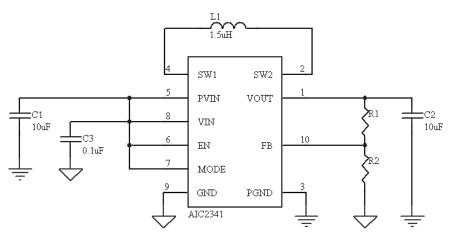
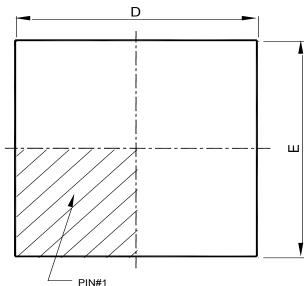
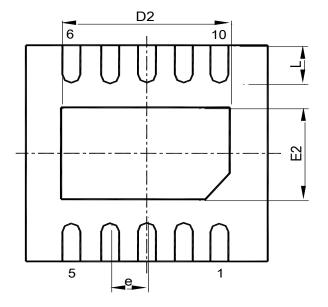


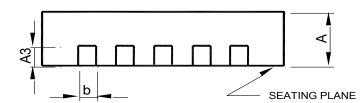
Fig.26 Adjustable Output Voltage

## PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS (unit: mm)

• DFN-10L-3X3







DFN 10L-3x3x0.75-0.5mm			
MILLIMETERS			
MIN.	MAX.		
0.70	0.80		
0.20 BSC			
0.18	0.30		
2.90	3.10		
2.20	2.70		
2.90	3.10		
1.40	1.80		
0.5 BSC			
0.30	0.50		
	MILLIM MIN. 0.70 0.20 0.18 2.90 2.20 2.90 1.40 0.5 E		

#### Note : 1. DIMENSION AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994. 2.CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MILLIMETER , CONVERTED INCH DIMENSION ARE NOT NECESSARILY EXACT.

#### Note:

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